



Stripping Walls

Developed by:	Approved by:	Date created:	Last revision:
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Possible Hazards Present	Personal Protection Required	Additional Training	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - MSI Strains - Open Excavation - Pinches, Punctures - Housekeeping - Falls 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hard Hat - Steel Toe Boots - Gloves - Safety Glasses - Harness (over 3 M) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PPE - Proper lifting and handling - Ladder use - Fall protection (Over 3 M) 	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lay out area and set up barricades or rope if other trades are on site to keep them out of stripping area. 2. Forms can be used again so keep well organized and stack forms tidy, for re-use and to reduce material waste. 3. Inspect all tools. 4. Pull out or bend back nails as required. Keep fingers away from pinch points. 5. Use a small hammer to place peg, prior to using sledgehammer. 6. Remove brackets/cups and stockpile in bins, remove 2x4's and stack in a bundle. 7. Use 2 workers to remove sheets and lower them to the ground. 8. Use scaffolding as much as possible. 9. Once scaffolding is stripped work off a ladder, use proper ladder procedures. 10. Don't over twist or lift beyond your capabilities. 11. Designate piles for waist or remove frequently into bins. 			
<p>Documentation/Legislation Workplace Safety and Health Regulations, 2022</p> <p>6 – Personal Protective Equipment 7 – Storage of Materials, equipment, machines and tools. 13 – Entrances, exits, stairways and ladders. 14- Fall Protection 28 – Scaffolds and other elevated work platforms. 29 – Falsework and Flyforms.</p>		<p style="text-align: center;">This Safe Work Procedure will be reviewed anytime the task, equipment or materials change and at a minimum every three years.</p>	