



Spill Containment

Developed by:	Approved by:	Date created:	Last revision:
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Possible Hazards Present	Personal Protection Required	Additional Training	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Chemical inhalation - Serious injury - Chemical burns 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Steel toed boots - Spill Kit - Eye Protection - Hand Protection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PPE 	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stop the spill at the source if possible. 2. Cover drains and other escape routes if possible. 3. Using patch kit, valve plug, or whatever is needed to patch the hole. 4. Contain the spill using the best method. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Build dyke. B. Replace or repair leak proof container. C. Channel spill to a contained area or container. D. Place an empty container to stop the leak. E. Shift or rotate the leaking container to stop the leak. 5. Using absorbent materials (soaker pads) to soak up the spill or solidify it. 6. Push absorbent liquid mixture into approved container for proper disposal. 7. Decontaminate any tools etc. that came into contact with the spill (clothing, brooms, shovels). 8. Report and record the spill. 			
Documentation/Legislation Workplace Safety and Health Regulation, M.R. 217/2006 6.1 Personal Protective Equipment		This Safe Work Procedure will be reviewed anytime the task, equipment or materials change and at a minimum every three years.	