



Mold Clean Up

Developed by: B White Safety Coordinator		Approved by: Jason Moffat		Date created: October 2008		Last revision: December 1, 2022		
Possible Hazards Present			Personal Protection Required			Additional Training		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air borne spores - Respiratory infection - Eye infections - Contact with disinfectants 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - N95 respirator - Eye goggled - Rubber gloves - Tyvek disposable suits - Full clothing (washable) 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Personal Protective Equipment - Fit Test 		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct the water or humidity problem. 2. Ensure all PPE is worn properly. 3. Minimize dust and seal off the area to prevent the mold spores from spreading to other areas of the building (hanging plastic). 4. Select proper cleaning methods for damaged material. 5. If the surface(s) you are cleaning are dry, or mostly dry, you should lightly mist them with water before cleaning the mold. 6. Clean the affected area(s) with soap and water to remove as much of the mold as possible. 7. If a commercial product is used, follow the manufacturer's instructions. 8. For heavily infested areas or some porous areas, carefully remove and discard mold and mold-infested materials into heavy-duty plastic bags. Double Bag. 9. Apply a disinfectant to kill mold spores that are left behind. 10. Once a surface has been cleaned and disinfected, it should be completely dried. 11. Mold should no longer be apparent as long as moisture is controlled. 12. REPORT ANY DANGEROUS SITUATIONS TO THE SUPERVISOR. 								
Documentation/Legislation Workplace Safety and Health Regulation, M.R. 217/2006 6 Personal Protective Equipment 6.15 Respiratory Protection				This Safe Work Procedure will be reviewed anytime the task, equipment or materials change and at a minimum every three years.				